THE L. A. KINSEY CO. INCORPORATED. CAPITAL, \$25,000-FULL PAID.

-BROKERS-Chicago Grain and Provisions New York Stocks.

Long Distance Telephone, 1875 and 1892. 11 and 13 West Pearl Street.

Cincinnati Office, Rooms 4 and 5, Kankakee b'ld'g. WELL-FORTIFIED BANKS

DEPOSITS OF \$578,693,800 AND LOANS OF \$505,912,500 IN NEW YORK.

Low Rate of Interest Continues, and Little Demand for Stocks-Local Markets Had a Bad Week.

At New York, Saturday, money on call

was easy at 11/2/11% per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 364 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.87@4.87% for demand and at \$4.85% 64.85% for sixty days;

posted rates, \$4.86@4.86% and \$4.88@4.88%; commercial bills, \$4.84%. Bar silver, 63%c. Mexican dollars, 49%c. Exports of specie for the week amounted to \$127,000 in gold and \$1,038,783 in silver. money, but without causing a change in The imports were: Gold, \$145,254; silver, actual quotations.

\$12,700; dry goods, \$2,578,962; general merchandise, \$6,832,503. The New York weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease...... \$2,693,375 Loans, increase...... 3,850,700 Deposits, increase...... 1,232,700

of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule. the soft coal field by securing an influence \$1.818.182 out of the sixty-five institutions associated with the clearing house hold \$97,000,000, or nearly one-half of all the cash in the banks. The loans of the New York banks are now \$505,912,500, a record surpassed only in the fall of 1895, and the deposits are \$578,693,800, which is higher than has been touched since October, 1894. This will serve to show he strong basis underlying what now

seems like a decided revival in business. "The statement for the week is favorable in nearly every item. The expansion in loans is due mainly to borrowings by importers who are taking goods out of bond in anticipation of higher tariff duties. Philadelphia reports the same activity in this regard, rates for money there having advanced slightly on the strength of the demand. The banks of New York lost over quiry for small bills is becoming larger every day, which is of itself an indication of a broadening trade; but it is also true that New York has offered an excellent market for interior borrowers. A letter to this paper from Kansas City says that some of the best paper there has been going to New York at low rates and that continued favorable offers have drawn contransactions probably account for the high figures of New York city bank loans. There are indications, however, that the remarkable ease in money will not continue indefinitely. Funds undoubtedly are in better demand, and a further reduction in the reserves of the New York banks is not at all improbable.

"Circulation contracted \$194,400. This re duction, which has been going on since October, has resulted up to the present time in a shrinkage of nearly \$5,000,000 in bank notes taken out by the New York banks. The movement has probably reached its culmination, although the continued high prices maintained on government bonds make the profit on circulation smaller than ever. Total sales of stocks yesterday were 110,028 shares, including: American Tobacco, 4,900; Chicago Gas Trust receipts, 5,400; Manhattan, 4,000; Omaha, 12,800; St. Paul, 11,900.

STOCKS MORE ACTIVE. The New York stock market developed a lively activity Saturday from the opening of trading and dealers made the most of the two hours allowed on Saturday. The activity extended through all depart- | ma ments of business. The bend markets showed notable strength and advance in | Ro prices, along with that for stocks. The Vanderbilts took the leading place in the dealings, as was the case in the activity early the week before. The high-priced industrials were also in good request. There seemed to be evidences of a powerful buying interest in the Vanderbilt stocks, which have caused rumors to circulate that large noldings of capital are re-entering the market, giving promise of an impetus to the activity in trading. There was also a notable broadening tendency in the market, so that the list of stocks traded in shows the filling in of long gaps with the names of stocks that have been almost entirely neglected of late. The volume of trading is not yet notably large, though the total of Saturday's sales exceeded that in the five hours' regular trading on each of two successive days of this week. The transactions are also largely for professional account still, but quite an increase is shown in the buying by commission houses, and there is a large demand for safe dividend-paying stocks for investment. The special demand for the Vanderbilt stock, which has been a factor ever since the announcement of the plan for refunding the bonded debt of Lake Shore caused important gains in the members of that group, New York Central and St. Louis seconds gaining 2; Omaha, 1½; Canada Southern, 1¼, and C., C., C. & St. L., 1. The rise in the latter was accompanied by rumors that the company had secured control of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois. Chicago & Eastern Illinois also gained 2 on the strength of this report. The advance in the early dealings also carried up Sugar a fraction, though on dealings much smaller than the average for that stock, which again fell to sixth place in the market in point of activity. The price touched 117. Manhattan was benefited by good buying to the extent of 114 points, reaching 85%, which was substantially the level at the time of the announcement of the reduction of the dividend to the 4-per-cent, basis. The Rubber shares developed weakness early in the day and failed to recover the loss, the commen stock declining 1% and the preferred 24, to 65. The stock was affected by reports of a bad outlook in the trade and the shutting down of portions of its plant. Illinois Steel, likewise, displayed marked de-pression and yielded 21/2 points, to 331/2, on reported orders issued from Pittsburg to open hostilities on the company in the steel trade. Aside from these exceptional declines there was a brief period of profit taking shortly after II o'clock, in the course of which New Jersey Central, Delaware & Hudson, Tobacco, Omaha and New York Central cach reacted to a noticeable de-The tendency throughout the day was, however, distinctly bullish, and the tone at the close was good, the closing being fairly firm and slight gains being the

Yesterday's activity and sharp rise have U. clearly been near the surface of events all week, notwithstanding the condition of al athy and almost stagantion in which the market lay. The very small volume of favorable factors in the situation and to subsidence of the European war scare, the good prospects for awakening of trade, the of increased earnings for railways were all of the extreme caution of investors, schooled as they have been in a long period the well-secured bonds, showed the desire

RECORD FOR THE WEEK

prices which are being paid for the best class of securities gives rise to calculations as to whether the rate of return for inreduced basis. The funding of the Lake Shore debt with 21/2 per cent. bonds to run a hundred years is pointed to as evidence that capitalists are convinced that the rates for money are to be permanently lower. But while this spirit of cautious conservatism is obvious on the part of capital, coupled with its hesitancy to embark in speculation, the undertone of firmness to values is also plainly apparent. While it is true that purchasers are inclined to hold off and await more certain conditions, it is also true that reliers show equal hesitation in parting with their holdings at a low range of prices. A buying movement of even small extent quickly runs up the price of a stock, the bids sometimes showing long jumps before an offer is elicited. and anything like a downward trend of exhausted.

values finds offers of many stocks quickly One of the notable features of the week is the increased demand for money for release of imported goods held in bond. The amount paid on Friday for duties on goods withdrawn from bond-about \$600,000-is said to be the largest amount ever paid in one day for that purpose. This movement is due to the known desire of the framers of the new tariff bill to devise some measure to prevent an evasion of the new duties by means of importing large stocks of goods in bond in anticipation of the going into effect of the new tariff law. It is remembered that there was a large falling off in revenues in the early period of the McKinley law on account of anticipatory imports after the law was framed, but be-fore it went into effect. The opinion is generally expressed in financial circles that a measure to prevent this would necessarily be "retroactive" and unconstitutional, but the rush to release goods from bond reflects an apprehension that means will be taken to save the revenues thus involved without infringing on the constitutional provision. The movement has resulted in a distinct hardening tendency in the rates for

CONCERNING COAL ROADS. The passing of the control of the Lehigh Valley Railroad to banking interests affiliated with the control of the other anthracite coal properties is regarded as offering a promise of still further consolidation of those interested and regulation of their business for their mutual benefit. Some comment has arisen also out of the fact The banks now hold \$52,863,500 in excess | that the same banking interest has entered The New York Financier says: "The in the Hocking Valley Railway. This total cash reserves of the New York banks, has given rise to rumors that an according to their statements of March 13, attempt will be made to consolidate \$412,286. were \$197,000,000. Of this amount ten banks or affiliate soft coal interests in the anthracite interests. The continued depression in the anthracite business is attributed to the influence of the soft coal demoralization, and the improvement of the one is said to walt necessarily on the other. There has been a fall in silver during the week to 63%c per ounce, attributed to the action of the Japanese Parliament in adopting the bill for a gold coinage at about the commercial ratio of silver.

The more important gains in the prices of

stocks in the week's trading are: Omaha,

5%: Tobacco, 4; Consolidated Gas, 5%, and

New York Central, 2%. Other leading railways, prominent among them being the grangers, are up 1½ to 2½ per cent. The Southwestern and Missouri Pacific sagged a fraction. Manhattan registered a net loss of only 11/4 at 851/2, though the price broke to 83 on the announcement of the \$1,500,000 last week to the interior. The in- dividend reduction. The leading industrials enjoyed an advance of about a point, except Sugar, which is unchanged on the week. The sales were 738,300. The bond market during the week displayed a firm undertone, despite the extreme duliness which marked the dealings at intervals. Investment purchases, coupled with the favorable outlook generally, were the sustaining factors which were reflected siderable business from that point. Such in general gains. The prime issues continued in exceptional demand and the market broadened appreciably as the week progressed. Some few weak spots were uncovered, notably, Lehigh & Wilkesbarre consols, which were down 8, and Lehigh & Wilkesbarre fives 11 points, owing to the recent unfavorable rumors regarding the financial status of the company. The speculative issues were less prominent than heretofore, but increased animation was No. 3 mixed, 21%c; No. 4 mixed, 17%c; ear corn, noted in the middle-grade liens, which are finding a wider market owing to the unpre-cedently high price attained for the gilt-

edged issues. Sales, \$5,915,000. Government bonds moved fractionally upward on moderate purchases by local and out-of-town institutions. The sales were

State issues were in demand, and stiffened slightly on purchases of \$42,000. A number of Broadway bankers propose to organize the National Clearance Institute, which shall buy from city banks the country checks received by them and col-

lect them at a less cost than the banks now pay. New York city banks receive each day \$10,000,000 in country checks, and the collection of that amount involves a great deal

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S. Fours, coup. S. Fours, new, coup.... ... 1205% Views of Henry Clews.

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Wheeling & Lake Eric pref

Wheeling & Lake Erie...

In reviewing the financial situation Henry dealings through the week did not pre- Clews says: "Affairs in Wall street are vent the undercurrent of firmness from still following a process of fermentation manifesting itself, and prices obstinately and development which, though not unirefused to yield, but, on the contrary, versally seen or understood, is steadily showed a tendency to advance on even the working towards better conditions and most trivial buying. This condition of the market, usually so inviting to the spec- awakening to the conviction that the last awakening to the conviction that the last na. 12%c; Shetucket SW, 6%c; Shetucket F, 7c; ulator, made it difficult to account for the four years of depression has not been due | Swift River, 51/2c. neglect which seems to pervade the market. | solely to our monetary troubles, but that sit and wait for some undefined something | business structure. There has been an to show the way to sure improvement. The earthquake disturbances of the general bacontinued advantage to this country in the | of capital and investment, and helping to balance of trade, the secure condition of produce the paralysis of production and the the currency and the encouraging reports interruption of trade of which we have had without effect in awakening an activity in | such a sorry experience. This special unthe dealings in stocks. There was evidence | derlying cause has been the extraordinary increase in plant and in the general caof reverse depression, in the character of pacity for production arising from the such demand as there was. The gilt-edged progress of invention within the last twenty stocks, those paying assured dividends and or twenty-five years. The undue expansion of capital for certainty, security even at a of production from this cause has produced ow rate of profits, such as would result a decline in prices which affects everybody from the high prices paid for these se- and every interest. To the wage-earning curities. The low rate of interest on money | classes it has brought many great advanndicates that there is much money lying | tages; but to the owners of large capitals | improductive rather than venture in any- it has meant a decline in the value of althing that does not promise certain se- most every kind of property they hold. curity. This class of capital does not see | Capital has therefore been less sought for yet in the various favorable factors in the employment and has yielded smaller re-

ployed it. Every interest has thus been smitten with stagnation, and few have unvested property and the price of money has for remedy; they have simply stood still been permanently placed on a and waited for light. Of course, this condition of things has been very greatly aggravated by the fears excited by the silver movement and by the disturbing political symptoms that have been developed by the elections. We had a similar and about equally protracted reaction following the panic of 1884, arising from similar causes; but that first shock of these earthquake disturbances was far less severe than the one from which we have been suffering

since 1892. "There is plain and ample evidence that the process of readjustment of these derangements has now set in. We are beginning to understand the causes of our troubles, and that is the first sure step towards recovery. The natural process of self-cure has distinctly set in, and the kaleidoscope of affairs is forming into a new order and new combinations of its parts. The rate of interest has been low because capital could not earn its usual profits; and the decline in the earnings of capital is having the effect of increasing the market value of investments; that is to say, people find they have to invest a larger amount in principal in order to get a given rate of interest. This is the lesson of the hour, and one which the owners of capital have now to learn; and they are beginning to perceive its force and to yield to it. The late negotiation of the Lake Shore's fifty millions loan, at a rate somewhat below 35 per cent, net, is an object lesson as to this new tendency. Such a transaction, following old standards of judgment, would hardly have been thought possible; and yet not only has it been promptly effected, but its real significance is rightly understood, and investors have learned the lesson that, relatively speaking, a fall in the rate of interest means a rise in the value of principal. Since that loan there has been a marked upward tendency in good railroad bonds, which has not yet reached its maximum, and stocks must naturally follow in sympathy. This drift, I take it, is one of the most important tendencies now at work in Wall street; and I venture to predict that it will be found to exert a steady upward pressure on prices for a considerable time

Saturday's Bank Clearings.

At Chicago-Clearings, \$11,475,217. New York exchange, 50c discount. Foreign exchange firm; emand, \$4.87%; sixty days, \$4.85%. Memphis-Clearings, \$252,033; balances, At St. Louis-Clearings, \$3,280,617.

New Orleans—Clearings, \$1,499,854. New York—Clearings, \$86,038,365; balances, \$5,841,045. Hoston-Clearings, \$14,305,032; balances At Philadelphia-Clearings, \$8,771,405; balances, \$1,398,411 At Baltimore-Clearings, \$2,201,280; balances,

LOCAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE. Trade Improving, Sugars Higher, Cof-

fee Weaker, Provisions Firm. State begin to run regularly again trade imbusy and in their line prices have an advancing tendency. Grocers report the business outlook very favorable, sugars advancing every few days and coffees ruling easier. Canned goods and dried fruits are moving better and present indications are that only light stocks will be carried over to the next season. Millinery houses are enjoying a good trade. Confectioners and hardware merchants are fairly busy for March. On Commission row more is doing and prices ruling steady, but low for most articles. Oranges and lemons are both firmer, with quality improving. The produce men are busy. Receipts of eggs are large, poultry moderate and butter is in good request at prices quoted. Merchants are now looking forward to a good trade the remainder of this month. The local grain market the fore part of th week was quiet with light receipts, but the last three days have shown more activity. Corn has ruled firm at the several advances owing to the

light receipts and the same remark will apply Wheat has ruled easy at the declines. Track bids on the several cereals yesterday ruled 4 red, 72676c; wagon wheat, 8tc. Corn-No. 1 white, 22½c; No. 2 white, 22½c; No. 3 white, 221/2c; No. 4 white, 181/2c; No. 2 white mixed, 21%c; No. 3 white mixed, 21%c; No. 4 white mixed, 17%c; No. 2 yellow, 21%c; No. 3 yellow, 21%c; No. 4 yellow, 17%c; No. 2 mixed, 21%c;

Oats-No. 2 white, 21c; No. 3 white, 19c; No. 2 mixed, 18c; No. 3 mixed, 16c. Hay-No. 1 timothy, \$8.50@9; No. 2 timothy, \$7

Poultry and Other Produce.

(Prices paid by shippers.) Poultry-Hens, 51/2c; springs, 6c; cocks, 31/2c; young turkeys, 9c; toms, 8c; old hen turkeys, 7c; old toms, 5c; ducks, 7c; geese, 40c for full feathered; 30c for plucked. Butter-Country, choice, 19c; mixed, 6c.

Feathers-Prime geese, 30c per lb; prime duck, 6@17c per lb. eswax-30c for yellow; 25c for dark. Honey-12@14c per lb. Wool-Medium unwashed, 12c; fine merino, un

washed, 10c; tub-washed, 20@23c; burry and unmerchantable, 5c less. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Green-salted Hides-No. 1, 7%c; No. 2, 7c: No. 1 calf, 8½c; No. 2 calf, 7½c. Grease—White, 3½c; yellow, 2¾c; brown, 2¾c. Tallow—No. 1, 3c; No. 2, 2½c. Bones-Dry, \$12@13 per ton.

THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices Canned Goods. Corn, 60c@\$1.25. Peaches-Standard 3-lb. \$1.50@

1.75; seconds, \$1@1.10; 3-lb pie, 75@80c; California standard, \$1.75@2; California seconds, \$1.40@1.50. Miscellaneous-Blackberries, 2-lb, 65@70c; berries, 2-lb, 50@95c; pineapples, standard, 2-lb, \$1.10@1.25; choice, \$2@2.50; cove oysters, 1-lb, full weight, 85@95c; light, 60@65c; string beans, 70@90c; Lima beans, \$1.10@1.20; peas, marrowfats, 85c@\$1.10; early June, 90c@\$1.10; lobsters, \$1.85@ 2; red cherries, 90c@\$1; strawberries, 90@95c; salmon, 1-lb, \$1.10@2; 3-lb tomatoes, 80@85c.

Candies and Nuts.

Candies-Stick, 51/2c per lb; common mixed, 51/2c per lb; G. A. R. mixed, 64c; Banner stick, 10c; cream mixed, 9c; old-time mixed, 7c. Nuts-Soft-shelled aimonds, 11@13c; English walnuts, 12c; Brazil nuts, 10c; filberts, 11c; peanuts, roasted, 8c; mixed nuts, 10c Coal and Coke.

The following are the prices on coal and coke, as retailed in this market: Anthracite coal, \$7 per ton; Pittsburg lump, \$3.75; Brazil block, \$2.75; Winifrede lump, \$3.75; Jackson lump, \$3.50; Greene county lump, \$2.75; Paragon lump, \$2.50; Greene county nut, \$2.50; Blossburg coal, \$4.50; crushed coke, \$3 per 24 bu; lump coke, \$2.75; foundry coke, \$6 per ton.

Alcohol, \$2.32@2.50; asafetida, 25@30c; alum, 21/2 @4c; camphor, 46@48c; cochineal, 50@55c; chloroform, 65@70c; copperas, bris, 60@65c; cream tartar, pure, 306/12c; indigo, 656/30c; licerice, Calab., genuine, 306/40c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 256/35c; morphine, P. & W., per oz, \$1.756/2; madder, 146 oil, castor, per gal, \$1.05@1.10; oil, bergamot per 1b. \$2.75; optum. \$2.25@2.35; quinine, P. & W., per oz, 24@31c; baisam copaiba, 70@75c; soap, castile, Fr., 12@16c; soda, bicarb., 44@6c; salts, Epsom, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, \$@ 14c; turpentine, 30@35c; glycerine, 19@22c; iodide potassium, \$3@3.10; bromide potassium, 50@52c potassium, 33@3.10; broinide potassium, 50@52c; chlorate potash, 20c; borax, 12@14c; cinchonida, 12@15c; carbolle acid, 28@30c. Olls—Linseed, 31@33c per gal; coal oll, legal test, 7@14c; bank, 40c; best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia, lubricating, 20@30c; miners', 45c; lard oils, winter strained, in brls, 50c per

gal; in half brls, 3c per gal extra. Dry Goods. Bleached Sheetings-Androscoggin L. 64c Berkley, No. 60, 71/2c; Cabot, 5%c; Capitol, Cumberland, 6c; Dwight Anchor, 7c; Fruit of the Loom, 61-c; Farwell, 6c; Fitchville, 54c; Full Width, 61-c; Gilt Edge, 5c; Gilded Age, 44c; Hill, 5c; Hope, 5c; Linwood, 64c; Lonsdale, 612c; Peabody, 5c; Pride of the West, 1014c; Ten Strike, 514c; Pepperell, 9-4, 1514c; Pepperell, 10-4, 1714c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 16c; Androscoggin, 10-4,

Boott C, 5c; Buck's Head, 6c; Clifton CCC, 54c Constitution, 40-inch, 6½c; Carlisle, 40-inch, 7½c; Dwight's Star, 7c; Great Falls E, 6c; Great Falls J, 4¾c; Hill Fine, 6c; Indian Head, 6c; Pepperell R, 5½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 14c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 15½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 17c. Prints-Allen dress styles, 44c; Allen's staples, 4%c; Allen TR, 4%c; Allen's robes, 5c; American indigo, 4%c; Arnold LLC, 6%c; Cocheco fancy. 5c; Cocheco madders, 4½c; Hamilton fancy, 5c; Merrimac pinks and purples, 5½c; Pacific fancy, 5c; Simpson's lancy, 5c; Simpson Berlin solids, 5c; Simpson's oil finish, 6c; American shirting, 4c. Ginghams-Amoskeag staples, 5c; Amoskeag Persian dress, 6c; Bates Warwick dress, 5/2c; Lancaster, 5c; Lancaster Normandies, 6c; Whittenton Heather, 6c; Calcutta dress styles, 41/2c. Kid-finished Cambrics-Edwards, 31/2c; Warren, 34c; Slater, 34c; Genesee, 34c. Grain Bags—Amoskeag, \$11.50; American, \$11.50; Franklinville, \$13.50; Harmony, \$11; Stark, \$14.50 Tickings-Amoskeag ACA, 10%c; Conestoga BF 121/2c; Cordis, 140, 91/2c; Cordis FT, 10c; Cordis 115c: Hamilton awnings, 9c;

Straight grades, \$5@5.25; tancy grades, \$5.50% Straight grades, \$350.25; tancy grades, \$5.50@ 5.75; patent flour, \$5.50@5.75; low grades, \$3.75@4. Flour Sacks (paper)—Plain, 1-32-brl, per 1,000, \$3.50; 1-16-brl, \$5; \(\frac{1}{2}\)-brl, \$8; \(\frac{1}{2}\)-brl, \$16; No. 2 drab, plain, 1-32-brl, per 1,000, \$4.25; 1-16-brl, \$6.50; \(\frac{1}{2}\)-brl, \$10; \(\frac{1}{2}\)-brl, \$20; No. 1 cream, plain, 1-32-brl, per 1,000, \$7; 1-16-brl, \$8.75; \(\frac{1}{2}\)-brl, \$28.50. Extra charge for printing. Salt-In car lots, 75c; small lots, socistic, Spices-Pepper, 10@18c; allspice, 10@15c; cloves, 15@20c; cassia, 13@15c; nutmegs, 65@75c per lb. Molasses and Syrups-New Orleans molasses, fair to prime, 20@30c; choice, 35@40c; syrups, 15

Rice-Louisiana, 4156514c; Carolina, 56714c. Beans-Choice hand-picked navy, \$161.10 per bu; medium hand-picked, 90@95c; Limas, California, 412 rac per ib. Shot-\$1.25@1.30 per bag for drop. Lead-64.67c for pressed bars.

Twine—Hemp, 12@18c per lb; wool, 8@10c; flax. 20@30c; paper, 25c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, 16@25c. Wood Dishes—No. 1, per 1,600, \$2.50; No. 2, \$3; No. 3, \$3.50; No. 5, \$4.50. Woodenware—No. 1 tubs, \$666.25; No. 2 tubs, \$6.25@5.50; No. 3 tubs, \$4.25@4.50; 2-hoop patls, \$1.40@1.50; 2-hoop patls, \$1.15@1.20; double washloards, \$2.25@2.75; common washboards, \$1.25@ 1.50; clothes pins, 406100 per box.

Groceries.

dered, 7c; granulated, 4.63c; fine granulated, 4.63c; extra fine granulated, 4.75c; coarse granulated, 4.75c; cubes, 4.88c; mold A. 4.88c; diamond A. 4.53c; cubes, 4.88c; mold A. 4.88c; diamond A. 4.63c; confectioners' A. 4.50c; 1 Columbia A-Keystone A. 4.28c; 2 Windsor A-American A. 4.38c; 3 Ridgewood A-Centennial A. 4.28c; 4 Phoenix A-California A. 4.38c; 5 Empire A-Franklin B. 4.21c; 6 Ideal Golden Ex. C-Keystone B. 4.25c; 7 Windsor Ex. C-American B. 4.13c; 8 Ridgewood Ex. C-Centennial B. 4.06c; 9 yellow Ex. C-Cnifornia B. 3.88c; 10 yellow C-Franklin Ex. C. 5.86c; 11 yellow - Keystone Ex. Franklin Ex. C. 5.8c; 11 yellow-Keystone Ex. 3.75c; 12 yellow-American Ex. C. 2.69c; 13 yel low-Centennial Ex. C. 3.62c; 14 yellow-California Ex. C. 3.50c; 15 yellow, 3.44c; 16 yellow, 3.38c. Coffee-Good, 17@18c; prime, 18@20c; strictly prime. 2002:20: fancy green and yellow. 220724c Java, 280732c. Roasted-Old Government Java 221/6/22c; Golden Rio, 24c; Bourbon Santos, 24c Gilded Santos, 24c; prime Santos, 23c. Package coffee—City prices—Ariosa, 14,40c; Jersey, 13,90c, Lion, 13,90c; Capital, 13,90c; Luxury, 14,40c;

Bogota Java, 21.40c. Iron and Steel. Bar Iron-1.50@1.60c; horseshoe bar, 21/2@2%c; nail rod, 7c; plow slabs, 21/2c; American cast steel, 9@11c; tire steel, 214@3c; spring steel, 414 Leather.

Leather-Oak Sole, 24@29c; hemlock sole, 23@28c; harness, 26@33c; skirting, 34@41c; single strap, 32@36c; city kip, 60@70c; French kip, 90c@\$1.20; city calfskin, 90c@\$1.10; French calfskin, \$1.20@2.

Nails and Horseshoes. Steel cut nails, \$1.75; wire nails, from store, \$1.90@2 rates: from mill, \$1.75 rates. Horseshoes. per keg. \$3.50; mule shoes, per keg. \$4.50; horse nails, \$4@5 per box. Barb wire, galvanized, \$2; painted, \$1.75.

Provisions. Hams Sugar-cured, 18 to 20 lbs average, 10c; 15 lbs average, 10%c; 12½ lbs average, 11%c; 10 lbs average, 11%c; block hams, 10%c; all first brands; seconds, 1/4c less. Breakfast Bacon-Clear firsts, 111/2c; seconds, Lard-Kettle rendered, in tierces, 6c; pure lard, Shoulders-English cured, 16 lbs average, 61/2c Pickled Pork-Bean pork, clear, per brl, 200 lbs, 11.25; rump pork, \$9.2. Bacon-Clear sides, 40 to 50 lbs average, 6%c; 30 to to 1bs average, 6½c; 20 to 20 lbs average, 6½c; belifes, 25 lbs average, 6½c; 14 to 15 lbs average, 6¾c; 10 to 12 lbs average, 7¼c. Clear backs, 20 to 30 lbs average, 6½c; 10 to 14 lbs average, 6½c; 7 to 9 lbs average, 6¾c. In dry-salt, %c less.

Produce, Fruits and Vegetables.

Apples-Price ranging with quality, \$1.25 per erl; choice, \$1.50; fancy, \$1.75. rl; choice, \$1.50; fancy, \$1.75. Bananas-Per bunch, No. 1, \$2; No. 2, \$1. Celery-25@25c; California, 60@90c. Cabbage-81 per brl; New York, \$1.25 per brl; Holland cabbage, \$1.25 per 100 lbs. Cheese-New York full cream, 10@12c; skims, 668c per lb. Grapes-Malaga grapes, \$6.50@7; light weight, Lemons-Messina, choice, \$2.50 per box; fancy len ons. \$3.25 Oranges California oranges, \$2.50 per navels, \$3.50@4; Valencia, 420 in box, \$3.75, Onions-3373.25 per brl, \$1.25 per bu; Spanish \$1.50 per crate. tatoes-25@28c per bu; seed potatoes, Ohio and Early Rose, 35@40c per bu. Sweet Potatoes-Illinois sweets, \$1.25@1.50 per

brl; Kentucky, \$1.25 per brl. Crauberries—\$4@5 per brl, according to quality; bushel crates, \$1.50; fancy, \$1.75. Clover-Choice recleaned, 60 lbs. \$4@4.25; prime, \$4.25@4.50; English, choice, \$4.50@4.73 alsike, choice, \$4.75@5; alfalfa, choice, \$4.40@4.60; crimson or scarlet clover, \$2.75@3; timothy, 45 lbs, prime, \$1.30@1.40; strictly prime, \$1.40@1.60; fancy Kentucky, 14 lbs, \$1.55@1.65; extra clean, 70@90c orchard grass. extra. \$1.75@1.90; red top, choice \$1@1.75; English bluegrass, 24 lbs, \$1.15@1.75.

Tinners' Supplies. Best brands charcoal tin, IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, \$5.50@6; IX, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, \$7@7.50; IC, 14x20, roofing tin, \$4.50@5; IC, 20x28, \$9@10; block tin, in pigs, 19c; in bars, 20c. Iron—27 B tron, 3c per lb; charcoal iron, 30 per cent. advance; galvanized, 75 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 6@6½c. Copper bottoms, 21c. Planished copper, 20c. Solder, 11@12c.

Window Glass.

Price per box of 50 square feet. Discount, 9 8x8 to 10x15—Single: AA, \$7; A, \$6.50; B, \$6.25; C, \$6. Double: AA, \$9.50; A, \$8.50; B, \$8.25.
11x14 and 12x18 to 16x24—Single: AA, \$8; A, \$7.25; B, \$7. Double: AA, \$10.75; A, \$9.25; B, 18x20 and 20x20 to 20x30—Single: AA, \$10.50; A, \$9.50; B, \$9. Double: AA, \$14; A. \$12.75; B, \$12. 15x36 to 24x30—Single: AA, \$11.50; A. \$10; B, \$9.25. Double: AA, \$15.5; A, \$13.75; B, \$12.25. 26x28 to 24x35—Single: AA. \$12; A. \$10.50; B, \$9.50. Double: AA. \$16; A, \$14.50; B, \$13.25. 26x34, 28x32 and 30x30 to 26x44—Single: AA. \$12.75; A, \$11.75; B, \$10.25. Double: AA, \$17.25; 26x46 to 30x50—Single: AA, \$15; A, \$13.50; B, \$12. Double: AA, \$19.75; A, \$18; B, \$16. 30x42 to 30x54—Single: AA, \$16.50; A, \$14.75; B, \$12.25. Double: AA, \$21.50; A, \$19.75; B, \$16.50. 34x58 to 34x60—Single: AA, \$17.25; A, \$15.75; B,

REAL-ESTATE TRANSFERS. Eleven Transfers, with a Total Con-

sideration of \$21,653. Instrumnts filed for record in the recorder's office of Marion county, Indiana, for the twentyfour hours ending at 5 p. m. March 13, 1897, as furnished by Theo. Stein, abstracter of titles, corner of Market and Pennsylvania streets, Indianapolis, Suite 229, first office floor, The Lemcke. Telephone 1760: Peter C. Weymberg, trustee, to Albert F. Schleicher, Lot 14 Dennison Park addi-

Demia Thrasher to Winfield S. Moffett and wife, part of Lot 4 Ritter's subdivision of Ritter's addition to Irvington... 4,000

James S. Cruse to Charles M. Rice, Lot 14

Coburn's second Belmont addition to West Indianapolis . Francis E. Delong to John V. Moore, part of west half of southeast quarter of Sec-wife, Lot 34, Block 9, Tuxedo Park..... 1,100 Charles C. Kistner to Estelle P. Johnston, Alice Buergelin to John H. Crabb, Lot 21 and north raif of Lot 20, Block 37, North Indianapolis William M. Wishard to Semuel Ellis Kin-nick and wife, part of Lots 92 and 93 in Fletcher et al.'s subdivision of Outlot Lots 45 and 46 Morton Place..... John G. Reinhardt to Patrick J. Kennedy, 533 Spann & Co.'s second Woodlawn

Transfers, 11; consideration.....\$21,653 THE COURT RECORD.

Superior Court.

divorce. Decree granted plaintiff.

for costs.

Room 1-John L. McMaster, Judge. vorce. Granted. Carvil Morris vs. Anna Morris; divorce. Granted at plaintiff's cost. Grace L. Van Valkenburgh vs. Oscar B. Van Valkenburg; divorce. Dismissed by plaintiff at her cost.

Barn; account and lien. Dismissed and costs Room 2-Lawson M. Harvey, Judge. Christopher Lutz vs. Louise Lutz; divorce, Decree granted plaintiff with injunction from marriage for two years. Laura Applegate vs. Edgar F. Applegate:

Milburn vs. Milburn; divorce. Decree granted plaintiff. Room 3-Vinson Carter, Judge. The Mutual Bond and Security Company vs. Elnora Binkman; lien. Finding for plaintiff against defendant, Hill & Hill, for \$14.10 and costs. Anna E. Spangenberger vs. Philip A. Spangenbeger; divorce, Granted, Judgment vs. defendant for costs. Cealta R. Olive vs. Allen Coyle, Judgment on demurrer vs. plaintiff for costs. Margaret M. Abbott vs. Louis H. Abbott; divorce. Granted. Judgment vs. defendant

returned verdict for defendant. Criminal Court. John C. Ruckelshaus, Judge pro tem. State vs. John Little; selling liquor on Christmas. Tried by court and fined \$10 and State vs. Valentine Wolf; selling liquor on Sunday. Tried by court and fined \$20

Laura Fitzgerald vs. Sam Delzell. Jury

and costs. Circuit Court. Henry Clay Allen, Judge, Lenore R. Johnson vs. the Beehive Saving and Loan Association; petition for receiver. Kenneth G. Reid appointed receiver.

McBride & Denny vs. George Henzel's estate, H. S. Cunningham vs. George Ken- January, 8.75c. Spot coffee-Rio quiet; No. 7, 9% zel's estate. Allowed by administrator in State of Indiana ex rel. Benjamin Farley vs. Phuema Johnson. Petition dismissed by Evansville Grain Company vs. the Chicago & Southwestern Railroad Company. Judgment vs. defendant for \$1,549.34 and

Beauman's estate. Claim allowed by administrator in the sum of \$155. New Suits Filed. Fatima I. Cress vs. William H. Cress; divorce. Room 3 Orphia M. Newhouse vs. August H. Calvelage; on contract. Room 1 Petition of William H. Hawkins and Etta E. Hawkins; for drainage. Circuit Court. Nellie Boswell vs. James H. Boswell; di-

James H. McLean vs. Big Sandy Oil Com-

Flanner & Buchanan vs. Peretaol J.

pany; for labor. Room 2. Compliments Mr. Heath,

Philadelphia Press.

costs, with relief.

Col. Perry S. Heath has won a public reputation of the first rank in each of the posts and positions which he has held. As Washington correspondent, as proprietor of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette and in his most able management of the campaign of education last fall Mr. Heath has shown alert ability, an administrative efficiency and a knowledge of public affairs and issues which eminently fit him for the post outlook that certainty of general prosperity | turns or none at all; and its owners have | Sugars-City Prices-Dominees, 5.13c; cut loaf, which he has been selected and it which it demands for its safety. The high been very cautious about how they em- 5.25c; crushed, 5.25c; powdered, 4.85c; XXXX pow- he is certain to be most successful.

SMALL GAIN IN WHEAT

BULLISH ILLINOIS CROP REPORT RE-SPONSIBLE FOR STRENGTH.

Other Grain Held Firm All Day, with No Change in Quotations-Provisions Show Advances.

week's trading on the up grade and with an advance of %c from yesterday's close. The market started weak as usual, but the rather sensational Illinois crop report strengthened it very suddenly. Corn and oats were firm, but with no particular change in prices. Provisions advanced 21/2@

CHICAGO, March 13.-Wheat closed the

Wheat opened with all the symptoms of a decline, which have become so familiar to traders the past week. A decline at Liverpool of 1/2d per cental notw'thstanding yesterday's advance here caused this market to open weak, and had it not been for the Illinois State crop report, which was published to-day, the market might have continued on the down grade. It was a great surprise to the trade to be informed that | weak at &c. Cheese firm. 15 per cent. of the entire area seeded in the State had been winter killed and that in No. 2 cash, 90c; May, 96c, Corn dull, but steady; No. 2 mixed, 234c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed, 18c. Rye quiet; No. 2, cash, 37c. Clover seed active be plowed up. That started prices in the other direction immediately. Trades immediately at the start were made in May at from 721/2672%c, as compared with 72%@ 73c at the close on Friday, but it was only a minute or two before 731/sc was being paid. It reacted again to 721/2c, and from that reached 73%c on the next stretch, and after another reaction to 73c it went up to to date amount to 8,500 bales. Cape of Good 7316c in a few swift and lively bounds. The Hope and Natal better fleece-washed lambs were week's clearances of wheat and flour from tail: New South Wales-3,505 bales; scoured, 10d both coasts as reported by Bradstreet were equal to 1,599,482 bushels, compared with 4.448 bales; scoured, 94@28 6d; greasy, 4%@9d. Victoria—4.448 bales; scoured, 94@28 6d; greasy, 4%d@18 2d. 2,075,000 bushels the week before and 2,401,-000 bushels the corresponding week of the previous year. Argentine shipments were only 216,000 bushels this week, compared of Good Hope and Natal-1,497 bales; scoured, 7d with 1.024,000 bushels the corresponding @1s 2d; greasy, 4%@7d. week of the year before. The Chicago reper ceipts were 19 cars, against 33 a year ago, fleece, 16@20c; pulled, 19@20c. and Minneapolis and Duluth reported only 109 cars, compared with 541 last year. The receipts were ascribed to blockaded condition of roads, and therefore did not attract so much attention as they would otherwise have done. Dispatches from Nebraska also mentioned damage to wheat in that State from winter | skims, 364c. Eggs-Receipts, 9.875 packages. killing, and the pit kept on the boil during the greater part of the short session. St.

Louis was even stronger than Chicago, indicating that more credence was placed in the reports than here. New York reported four boatloads of wheat sold early in the session for export, and afterwards increased the number to seven loads. Chicago sold 90,000 bu for shipment to domestic millers. The market closed strong at 7314@73%c. Corn was firm all day, helped both by wheat and much smaller receipts than ex-

pected. Trade was well divided and the range of prices was narrow. Exports were 873,000 bu. May opened unchanged at 24%c, fluctuated between 244c and 24%@244c, closing steady at 24%c. Oats were firm, fairly active and ruled : shade higher all day. There was a good demand from shorts, trading being influenced by the upward trend of wheat. Weekly clearances were 597,000 bu. opened 1/sc higher at 171/s@171/4c, sold to 17%sc and closed at the opening price.

The market in provisions was almost repetition of yesterday's. Another small run of hogs started prices on the upturn, and with the exception of a slight reaction immediately after on some realizing the market ruled firm all day. Packers were liberal buyers. At the close May pork was 10c higher at \$8.60. May lard 21/2c higher at \$4.25 and May ribs 5c higher at \$4.621/2. Estimated receipts for Monday-Wheat,

17 cars; corn, 110 cars; oats, 200 cars; hogs,

| Leading | Tutures | ranged | as 10 | nows. | |
|------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|
| Articles. | | Open- ing. | High- est. | Low- est. | Clos- |
| heat-Mar | ecols. | 71% | 7216 | 711/6 | 72% |
| | | 72% | 7336 | 7215 | 73% |
| | | 71 | 7973 | 70% | 71% |
| | ********* | 68% | 6956 | 681/4 | 69 1/2 |
| | | 0078 | 0.78 | 013-74 <u>6</u> | 23% |
| orn-March | | 0.47 | 2416 | 2434 | |
| May | | 24.78 | 25% | 25% | 22.76 |
| July | The state of the s | 251/2 | | | 2515 |
| Sep | ******** | 26% | 26% | 26% | 26% |
| ats-March | | **** | 1111 | 1217 | 161/2 |
| May | ******** | 1714 | 17% | 171/6 | 1734 |
| July | | | 151/4 | 1816 | 18% |
| ork-May | ******** | | | \$8.523/2 | \$8.60 |
| July | | 8.6734 | 8.75 | 8.671 | 8.721/2 |
| ard-May | ********* | 4.25 | | 4.25 | 4.25 |
| July | | 4.35 | 4.371/2 | 4.3216 | 4.35 |
| ibs-May | | 4.60 | 4.65 | 4.60 | 4.621/2 |
| | ******** | 4.67% | 4.70 | 4.65 | 4.65 |
| Cash quot | ations we | re as fol | lows: | Flour s | tendy; |
| inter pat | ents, \$4. | 30@4.50; | straig | hts, \$ | 4@4.20; |
| oring spec | cials. \$4.5 | 0: sprit | ig pate | nts. 3 | 4604.10: |
| raights, pring wher | \$3,40@3.70 | : baker | s. \$3@ | 3.40. | No. 2 |
| oring when | at. 72%c: | No. 3 sp | ring wi | leat. 72 | c; No. |
| red. 8342 | 85 /2C. NO | . 2 corn | 23 %C | No. 2 | yellow |
| orn, 23%@ | 2316c. No | . 2 oat | 4. 16146 | 016%c: | No. 2 |
| hite, 21c; | No. 3 w | hite. 18% | c. No. | 2 rve. | 23% c. |
| a. 2 harles | v nominal | : No. 3. | f. o. b. | 256033 | c: No. |
| f. o. b : | 2316c. No. | I flaxs | red. 774 | 680c. | Prime |
| mothy see | ed \$2,7067 | 2.7214. | Mess p | ork. pe | er brl. |

\$8.50@8.55. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$4.15. Short-rib sides, loose, \$4.50@4.70; dry-salted shoulders, boxed, \$4.50@4.75; short-clear sides, boxed, \$4.62½ @4.75. Whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal, Receipts—Flour, 8,000 brls; wheat, 18,000 bu; corn, 123,000 bu; cats, 292,000 bu; rye, 7,000 bu; barley, 34,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 7,000 brls; wheat, 59,000 bu; corn, 139,000 bu; oats, 169,000 bu;

rye, 1,000 bu; barley 30,000 bu. AT NEW YORK.

Ruling Prices in Produce at the Seaboard's Commercial Metropolis.

NEW YORK, March 13.-Flour-Receipts, 12,950 Carrie L. Burton vs. John C. Burton; dl- | \$4.55@4.85; winter straights, \$4.25@4.35; Minnesota patents, \$4.20@4.40; Minnesota bakers, \$3.75@3.90; winter low grades, \$2.60@2.80. Rye flour dull superfine, \$2.45@2.60. Buckwheat flour quiet at \$1.15@1.20. Buckwheat quiet at \$51/2c, track. Corn meal dull; yellow Western, 58c. Rye quiet; No. Michigan Lumber Company vs. Peter 2 Western, 371/2c. Barley steady at 261/4c; malting, 35@42c. Barley malt steady; Western, 45@53c. Wheat-Exports, 91,233 bu. Spot firm; No. hard, 87%c. Options opened easier with weak cables, but advanved on bad crop reports, a builish Illinois crop statement and general local closed at %@½c advance; No. 2 red, March, closed at 80%c; May, 78%@79%c. closed at 79¼c. Corn—Receipts, 26.225 bu; exports, 2.516 bu. Spot firm; No. 2, 28%c; steamer mixed, 27½c. Options opened steady and ruled firm with wheat, closing at 1/20¼c advance; March closed at 29¼c. Oats—Receipts, 160,860 bu; exports, 2,500 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 22c. Options quiet, but firmer

with the other markets, closing 1/4c higher; May closed at 21%c. Hay steady; shipping, 55c; good to choice, 67% @721-c. Hops easy; 1895 crop, 3@51/4c; 1896 crop, 6@11c; coast, 1895 crop, 3@51/2c; 1896 crop, 8@15c. Hides strong; Galveston, 12c; Buenos Ayres, 181/4@19c; Texas dry, 10@181/2c; hemlock sole, 20@

Beef steady; family, \$9@11; extra mess, \$7.50@8; beef hams, \$18.50@15; packet, \$7.50@9; city extra India mess, \$13.50@15. Cut meats firm: pickled bellies, \$4.75@5.50; pickled shoulders, \$5.25; pickled hams, \$8.75@9.25. Lard quiet, but firmer; Western steam, \$4.42½; refined firmer. Pork firmer; mess, \$8.75@9.25; family, \$9.50@10.25; snort-clear, Tallow steady; city, 3%c; country, 3%c, as to

Rice steady at 3%66%c; Japan, 4%64%c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, 22630c. Cotton-seed oll sustained by firmness in lard products; prime crude, 20@2014c; prime summer yellow, 23½c; off summer yellow, 23@23½c; butter grades, 26@27c; prime white, 26@26½c. Coffee-Options opened steady, with December 15 points lower; other months 10 points lower, under disappointing European cables. Trading was entirely for local account. Closed steady at 5@15 points net decline. Sales, '8.000 bags, including: March, 8.60c; May, 8.55@8.60c; October, 8.70c; November, 8.70@8.75c; December, 8.70c; affoat, offered at 9%c. Mild quiet; Cordova, 1569 164c. Sales, 250 bags Central American, p. t. 400 bags Maracaibo, p. t. Rio-Receipts, 8,000 bags; cleared for the United States, 4,000 bags; cleared for Europe, 3,000 bags; stock, 289,000 bags Potal warehouse deliveries from the United States, 10,040 bags, including 8,275 from New York; New York stock to-day, 354,653 bags; United States stock, 424,928 bags; affoat for the United States, 335,000 bags; total visible for the United States, 759,928 bags, against 462,305 last Sugar-Raw firm; fair refining, 2 13-16@2%c

centrifugal, 96 test, 3 3-16@3\4c; refined firm; mold A. 4\4c; standard A. 4\4c; confectioners' A. 4\4c; cut loaf, 5c; crushed, 5c; powdered, 4\%c; granulated, 4%c; cubes, 4%c.

TRADE IN GENERAL. Quotations at St. Louis, Baltimore

Cincinnati and Other Places.

ST. LOUIS, March 13.-Flour steady to firm,

but unchanged. Wheat-Futures opened strong

and for a time trading was fairly active, with an advance. Traders soon lost courage and be came atraid to either buy or sell and a decline resulted. A strong feeling developed later and the market closed 16114c higher than yesterday. Spot higher: No. 2 red. cash, elevator, 93c; track, 95606c, May, 89c; July, 7124c. Corn-Futures dull and featureless early and the conditions were but little letter during the whole day. The speculative market closed steady to fractionally higher than vesterday. Spot steady; No. 2, cash, 20% bid; May, 22c; July, 23% 23% C. Oats dull, but firm for futures. Spot steady; No. 2, cash, 17c bid; May, 18c bid. Rye firm at 23% c, track. Barley duil; malting, 28@35c. Corn mea!, \$1.40@

Cotton ties and bagging unchanged. Pork higher; standard mess, jobbing, \$8.3768.90, Lard higher; prime steam, \$1.07\frac{1}{2}; choice, \$4.15. Bacon -Boxed shoulders, \$4.87%; extra short-clear, \$5.25; ribs, \$5.37%; snorts, \$5.50. Dry-salt meats-Boxed shoulders, \$4.75; extra short-clear, \$4.871; ribs, \$5; shorts, \$5.1219. Receipts-Flour, 5,660 bris wheat, 19,006 bu; corp. 16,000 bu; oats, 54,000 bu. Shipments-Flour, 6,000 bris; wheat, 20,000 bu; ern, 80,009 bu; cats 17,000 bu.

LIVERPOOL, March 13,-Wheat quiet; demand

454. Corn-Spot steady; American mixed, new, 28534d. Flour steady; demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 8s 6d. Bacon firm; gemand fair Cumberland cut, 28 to 29 lbs, 28s 6d; short-ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, 27s; long-clear, light, 35 to 28 lbs, 26s 6d; long-clear, heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, 26s; short-clear backs, light, 18 lbs, 25s bid; short-clear middles, 14 to 16 lbs, 27s. Shoulders, square, 12 to 18 lbs, 23s 6d. Hans, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 41s. Tallow firm; North American not quoted. Beef, extra mess, 57s fd; prime mess, 47s fd. Pork, prime mess, fine Western, 46s 2d medium Western, 41s 3d. Lard steady; prime Western, 21s 6d; refined, in pails, 23s 6d. Cheese steady, demand moderate; finest American white and colored, 57s. Butter finest United States, 90s; good, 55s. BALTIMORE, March 13.-Flour dull; Western superfine, \$2.60@2.50; receipts, 3,589 bris; exports, 17.588 bris. Wheat inactive and firmer; spot, 87% bid; May. 80@ 80%; receipts, 85.372 bu; exports none; Southern wheat by sample, 88@ 90c. Corn firmer; spot. 274/6/27%c; May, 271/6/27%c. steamer mixed. 25%@25%c; receipts, 184.461 bu; exports, 283,286 bu; Southern white corn, 26%@27c; Southern yellow, 26%@27c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, 24% @25%c; receipts, 20,274 bu; exports none. Hay steady; choice timothy, \$12.50@14. Grain freights quiet and unchanged. CINCINNATI, March 13 .- Flour quiet and report, explains that the first great consteady. Wheat quiet: No. 2 red, 894c; receipts, 3.000 bu; snipments, 1.500 bu. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 24%c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed, 18½@19c. Rye easy; No. 2, 36@38½c. Lard firm at \$4. Bulk meats firm at \$4.30@4.40. Bacon steady at \$5.10% 5.25. Whisky active: sales, 909 bris on basis of \$1.17 for spirits. Butter firm. Sugar firm. Eggs

TOLEDO, March 13.-Wheat higher and active; and easy; prime, cash, \$5.15. DETROIT, March 13.—Wheat higher; No. 1 white and No. 2 red, 88c; May, 894c; July, 744c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 234c. Oats—No. 2 white, 20c. Rye—No. 2, 354c. Receipts—Wreat, 2,500 bu;

LONDON, March 13 .- At the wool auction sales o-day 12,290 bales were offered, of which 1,000 were withdrawn. All sections competed, resulting in a good business. The American purchases taken at 2s 6d. Following are the sales in de South Australia-242 bales; scoured, 10611d; greasy, 5½66d. West Australia-127 bales; scoured. 64/094d; greasy. 34/064d. New Zealand-1,424 bales; scoured, 709d; greasy, 609d. Buencs Ayres-62 bales; greasy, 64/074d. Cape NEW YORK, March 13.-Wool firm; domestic

Butter, Eggs and Cheese. NEW YORK, March 13.—Butter-Receipts, 3.085 packages. Market steady; Western creamery, 13 @19c; Elgins, 19c factory, 7@11\2c. Cheese-Receipts, 163 packages. Market quiet; State, large, 9@1216e; small, 9@1216e; part skims, 5@9e; full Market steady; State and Pennsylvania, 11@11/2c;

Western, 112; Southern, 1014@1614c. PHILADELPHIA, March 13.-Butter firm and fancy Pennsylvania prints, 19c; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 20@23c. Eggs steady; fresh near-by and fresh Western, 101/2/011c. CHICAGO, March 13 .-- On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was firm; creamery, 10@18c; dairy, 9@16c. Cheese steady at 91/20101/2c. Eggs steady; fresh, 10c. KANSAS CITY, March 13.—Butter steady at 16@17c; dairy, 10@13c Eggs.—The market is barely steady, with no change in quotations; strictly fresh, 71/2c.

NEW YORK, March 12.-Petroleum dull; no market for United. Rosin dull; strained, com-mon to good, \$1.561.70. Spirits of turpentine dull at 2914@30c. WILMINGTON, March 13.—Rosin firm; strained, \$1.45; good, \$1.50. Tar firm at \$1. Turpentine nominal. CHARLESTON, March 13 .- Rosin firm at \$1.40. Spirits of turpentine firm at 27c. TOLEDO, March 13.-North Lima, 56c; South Lima and Indiana, 51c.

SAVANNAH, March 13 .- Spirits of turpentine Cotton. NEW ORLEANS, March 12,-Cotton steady; middling, 7c; low middling, 69-16c; good ordinary, 65-16c; net receipts, 3,762 bales; gross receipts, 3,968 bales; exports to Great Britain, 5,139 bales; exports to the continent, 9,089 bales; exports coastwise, 7 bales; sales, 2,200 bales; stock,

MEMPHIS, March 13 .- Cotton steady; middling, 7 5-16c; receipts, 307 bales; shipments, 1,119 bales; stock, 102,412 bales; sales, 1,050 bales. NEW YORK, March 13 .- Cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 74e; middling gulf, 74e; sales,

NEW YORK, March 13.—Pig iron quiet; Southern, \$10.25@12; Northern, \$10.50@12.50. Copper steady; brokers, 11.85c. Lead strong; brokers, 3.05c. Tin plates quiet. ST. LOUIS. March 13.-Lead dull at 3.15@ 3.171/2c. Spelter dull at 3.90c. LIVE STOCK.

Cattle Scarce and Quiet-Hogs Dull,

but Stronger-Sheep Stronger. INDIANAPOLIS, March 13.-Cattle-Receipts none; shipments none. Very few here. The market was quiet and unchanged in values. Export grades\$4.60@ 5.10 Heifers, good to choice Heifers, common to medium..... Cows, fair to medium.... lows, common and old..... Yeals, good to choice..... 4.75% Veals, common to medium..... Bulls, good to choice Milkers, good to choice, per head......30.00@40.00

Hogs-Receipts, 3,000; shipments, 1,300. The supply was only fair. The market opened sluggish, packers and shippers buying, but taking only a limited number at a shade stronger prices. A fair clearance was made at this advance.

Sheep and Lambs-Receipts none; shipments none. But few striving. The market was

Sheep, common to medium..... Lambs, good to choice..... Lambs, common to medium..... Bucks, per head.....

Elsewhere. CHICAGO. March 13.-The week closed strong

for fat cattle, which are selling at pretty fair prices and fully as high as a week ago, although than last year. Prices for other grades are only fairly well maintained. To-day's market, as is usual on Saturday, was largely nominal. The few receipts sold readily at yesterday's prices. Receipts of hogs were small, even for Saturday and it did not take long to dispose of the supply at a 5c advance. Sales were at a range of \$3. 64, chiefly at \$3.87% 63.95, with both light and butchers' weights at \$4. Prices for the best droves were on an average of 10c higher than a

Trade in sheep was active and prices held firm

Michigan and Indiana lambs sold at \$5.25@5.40 and Colorado lambs sold up to \$5.25. A few thin lambs sold for \$3.60@4, but very little was done below \$4.35. Common to choice sheep found buyers at \$2.75@4.35, chiefly at \$3.50@4.30. Receipts—Cattle, 500; hogs, 9,000; sheep, 2,500. ST. LOUIS, March 13.-Cattle-Receipts, 500 shipments, 1.000. Market steady on all grades; fancy export steers, \$595.25; fair to choice native shipping steers, \$495, bulk at \$4.4094.70; dressed beef and butchers' steers, \$3.60@4.70, bulk at \$400 4.45; steers under 1.000 pounds, \$3.25@4. bulk at \$3.50@3.80; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4, bulk at \$3@3.60; cows and heifers, \$2.30@4, bulk at \$2.60@3.50; bulk of cows, \$2.40@3.20; bulls, \$2@3; Texas and Indian steers, grass, \$2.75@3.50. Hogs-Receipts, 2,000; shipments, 3,600. Market strong and 5c higher; light, \$3.85@3.90; mixed, \$3.60@3.85; heavy, \$3.50@4. Sheep-Receipts, 1,000; shipments none. Native muttons, \$3.50@4.25; culls and bucks, \$1.50@5.25 lambs, \$4.25\(\pi_5.50\); Texas sheep, grass and fed, \$2.90\(\pi_3.90\); spring lambs. \$8\(\pi_10\). KANSAS CITY, March 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 300; shipments, 3,600. Market steady; only retail Hogs-Receipts, 6,000; shipments, 200. Market strong to 5c higher; bulk of sales, \$2.70@3.80; heavies, \$3.75@3.85; packers, \$3.65@3.90; mixed, \$3.70@3.85; light, \$3.65@3.85; Yorkers, \$3.75@3.82½; pigs, \$3.45@3.15. Sheep-Receipts, 1,000; shipments, 1,100. Market steady and unchanged.

EAST LIBERTY, March 13.-Cattle steady; prime, \$4.80%5; feeders, \$3.60%4; bulls, stags and ows, \$1.75@2.50; veal calves, \$6@6.50. Hogs fairly active; prime assorted mediums, \$4.10@4.15; best Yorkers, \$4@4.65; pigs, \$3.85@3.95; heavy, \$3,85@3.95; roughs, \$2,75@3.50. Sheep steady; Ohio fed Westerns, \$4.20@4.40 natives, \$4.45@4.60; common, \$2.60@3.40; choice LOUISVILLE, March 13.—Cattle-Receipts, Market steady; shipping steers, \$3.75@4.40; butch

ers, \$2.65@4; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4. Hogs-Receipts, 500. Market strong; mediums, \$3.85; lights, \$3.35@3.75; roughs, \$3@3.35. No sheep; prospects for unchanged prices; sheep, \$363.25; fair, \$2.25@2.75; extra lambs, \$4.25 614.49; fair, \$3614. CINCINNATI, March 13 .- Cattle steady at \$2.50 @4.75; receipts, 100; shipments none Hogs active and higher at \$3.25@3.95; receipts, .700; shipments, 700. Sheep firm at \$2.50@4.75; receipts, 100; shipments, 100. Lambs strong at \$3.50@5.35.

Colored Office Seekers.

"When General Harrison came into the presidency eight years ago," said a wellknown Southern politician at the Normandie, "there were prominent colored men here by the dozen from every part of the country looking after government places and a knowledge of public affairs and issues which eminently fit him for the post of first assistant postmaster general, for which he has been selected and in which he is certain to be most successful.

| Barley dull; matting, 25,35c. Corn linear, 11-05 issues. Shorth linear, 11-05 issues which mean firm; sacked east track, worth nomfor the post inally 18060c. Flaxseed nominally 75c. Prime is within the truth to say that there were five times the number on the ground then high school. Enter now. Business. Shorthand dairy, 86/15c. Eggs firm at 8c. Whisky, \$1.18.

throng of to-day colored faces are about as one to fifty; eight years ago the ratio was easily five times higher. Is it to be inferred from this that the Afro-American is gradually dropping out of the game of politics, or is be becoming less of a placenunter than formerly? Whatever the philosophy of it, the fact is indisputable. that the negro isn't half as aggressive in his quest of office as under preceding ad-

poor; No. 2 red spring, 6s 2d; No. 1 California, 6s | ministrations. SWISS AND AMERICAN ROADS. Comparison That Is Not Creditable to the United States.

Switzerland is reported as possessing the very best highways in the world. She is by no means a wealthy country, but her people are thrifty and economical. Her form of government is considered by many to be further in advance in matters of public economy than any other country on the globe, and the administration of her public affairs is conducted with the same thrift the same intelligence, the same care and the same economy which distinguishes her citizens. It is generally supposed that the Swiss people have had hundreds of years in which to build their highways, but the fact is that, up to the present century, no serious effort at road building was made in that country. The United States consul at Horgen, Mr. Lyle T. Adams, in his official struction of highways was begun in the time of Napoleon, originating with a system of mountain roads, and gradually developing, by 1890, into a network of stone roads which covered all the country.

The lesson taught by the roads of Switzerland is that the best of public highways may be built without great expense, without overloading the country with debt, and without burdening the citizens with excessive taxes. Country highways in Switzerand have not been left to petty local authorities distributed over the land, but have largely been placed in the hands of a central authority. Road building is conducted by men who have made a scientific study f civil engineering, and its economical and financial side is looked after by men who are experts in that field. Mr. George L. Catlin, the United States consul at Zurich, has said: "It may with safety be stated that in no country in the world is the construction of roadways carried out with more scientific skill and thoroughness than in Switzerland. The public highways of the canton of Zurich are models in every re-

Let us make a comparison between Swiss highways and those of our own republic. There we find the construction and maintenance of roads in the hands of the cantons, and the work in charge of professional engineers. In our own country, roads are built almost entirely by the local town authorities. This system has become so firmly rooted in our country that most farmers have no conception of a road tax other than a local town tax which they must pay. In most of the States of this country one-half or more of the State taxes are paid by the large cities, and just so soon as a farmer realizes that one-half or more of a State road tax would be paid by the cities, he will be enthusiastically in favor of State road taxes. People in the cities want good coutnry roads, for the sake of their indirect benefits to them, and will gladly aid in their construction. The aims of the National League for Good Roads and the League of American Wheelmen, in their efforts for better highways, is to relieve the farmer of the respons bility and the expense of looking after country roads, to place their construction upon a scientific and economical basis, and to charge their cost to the entire population, under a system of finance which will not be a burden and will be fair to all concerned. Much progress has been made in this direction in the Eastern States through the combined efforts of farmers and wheelmen, aided by the good roads organizations. The Department of Agriculture at Washington has done much to encourage the change, and has published numerous bulletins upon the subject.

WHAT BECOMES OF EX-PRESIDENTS? Most of Them Die Soon from Results of Overwork. Christian Advocate.

We sat beside Dr. T. B. Stephenson, once president of the English Wesleyan Conference, in the second ecumenical Wesleyan Conference in Washington, during the hour when our then President Harrison was delivering his remarkable speech, in which the latter pronounced some impres sive words concerning international arbitration. Dr. Stephenson was greatly impressed that such a personage should visit a body like the one named, and should, so unaffectedly place the heart of the Republic closely against the interests and principles represented by that conference. Dr. Stephenson remarked that perhaps Americans did not realize the significance of the visit and of the fine address quite as much as could one who resided outside the United States. On the street, after adjournment, when on the way to the hotel, we pointed out ex-President Hayes, who was walking along Pennsylvania avenue unattended, just like any other American citizen who had served as President and had returned to private life. Many of our foreign visitors remarked also upon the dignified and yet unpretentious bearing both of him who was then our chief magistrate and of him who had retired from that high position. It needs no strained imagination to suggest that the very words in the presidential address spoken by President Harrison are at least a part of the warp and woof of the arbitration treaty which has since been concluded between England and the United

becomes of all the millions and millions of pins which have been made in this world?" Others ask: "What becomes of the bones of all the birds of the world?" Pins fall away into the world's crevices. The slight skeletons of the myriads of birds are immediately consumed by animals, in which consumption the smaller insects share. Ap-Milkers, common to medium, per head. 18.00@25.00 | plying the wonder to our chief magistrates, it is sad to say that many of them disappear because of the dreadful and pittless strain to which the legitimate cares of office and the importunity of office-seekers and others subject them. Human muscle and nerve have limits of endurance. Few The families of ex-Presidents also seem to disappear. The same thought suggests itself concerning the families of our deceased bishops. Yet the "disappearance" is only relative. There is an apparent distance we tween the prominence once enjoyed by the families of exceptional and prominent men. but the contrast was as great before the elevation of man and his family, as it is after the head of the family is gone. There are many children of Presidents now living among us. President Lincoln is represented in his oldest son, and the same is true of Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and others. Those who know the younger men remarked that, in the inauguration ceremonies in Washington last week, five sons of five ex-Presidents appeared-Ulysses S Grant, Webb C. Hayes, Harry A. Garfield, Chester A. Arthur and Russell Harrison,

It has been asked more than once: "What

Reasonable Inference.

The "bicycle leg" is the latest deformity. In the absence of specific information we infer that it belongs to the man who bought wheels for his daughters, and that it is longer than it really ought to be.

NEW SLEEPING CAR LINE Pennsylvania Short Line

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The Short Line for ST. LOUIS and THE WEST. Leave Indianapolis Daily-8:15 a. m., 12:40 noon, 7 p. m., 11:20 p. m. Arrive St. Louis Union Station—3.55 p. m.,

Parlor car on 12:40 noon train daily and local sleeper on 11:20 p. m. train daily for Evansville and St. Louis, open to receive passengers at 8:30. Ticket offices, No. 48 West Washington street and Union Station. GEO. E. ROCKWELL, D. P. A.

E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

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